Annunciation Catholic School Emergency Operations Plan

3545 Clifton Ave. Cincinnati, OH 45220

Annunciation Catholic School:

• referred to in SAFE and hereafter in this document as "Annunciation" IRN: 054213

Annunciation Preschool:

 understood to share completely in the Emergency Operations Plan for Annunciation – hereafter included in any reference to "Annunciation"

IRN: 054213

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APPROVAL AND IMPLEMENTATION

This Emergency Operations Plan addresses Annunciation's planned response to all hazards. It is the principle plan for mitigating emergencies and incidents to ensure the protection of life, health and property. This plan aids in the recovery operations to ensure that the school returns to pre-emergency operation and is intended to facilitate coordination with local first responders and establish a framework for an effective system of comprehensive emergency management.

In order to execute this plan effectively and mobilize available resources, **all school personnel must have knowledge of the procedures set forth in this plan and be trained in its use.** Personnel having roles and responsibilities established by this plan are expected to be familiar with their roles based on the provisions of this plan.

Modifications to this plan may be made under the direction of the principal of Annunciation or the Superintendent of the Archdiocese of Cincinnati Catholic Schools.

This School EOP is developed pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code 3313.536, 3313.666 and 3737.73 and Sections 3301-5-01 and 1301:7-7-04 of the Ohio Administrative Code, and conforms to the National Incident Management System (NIMS).

ORC 3313.536 (B)(1) states," Each administrator shall develop and adopt a comprehensive emergency management plan, in accordance with rules adopted by the state board of education pursuant to division (F) of this section, for each building under the administrator's control. The administrator **shall examine the environmental conditions and operations of each building to determine potential hazards** to student and staff safety and shall propose operating changes to promote the prevention of potentially dangerous problems and circumstances. In developing the plan for each building, the **administrator shall involve community law enforcement and safety officials, parents of students who are assigned to the building**. The administrator shall incorporate remediation strategies into the plan for any building where documented safety problems have occurred."

By signing below you are attesting that the requirements set forth in ORC 3313.536 (B)(1) have been met.

Tony Ertel	Principal
PRINT NAME	Title
	3/1/2019

This plan supersedes any previous versions.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Purpose of the Plan

The Annunciation Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) provides policies and procedures on how to respond to all-hazard emergency incidents. This plan has been customized to meet the specific and unique needs, capabilities and circumstances found at Annunciation.

The Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan consists of:

- 1. Emergency Operations Plan (EOP)
- 2. Floor Plan;
- 3. Site Plan
- 4. Emergency Contact Information Sheet
- 5. Stakeholder Signatures

B. Scope of the Plan

The plan outlines the expectations of school staff and students as well as providing authority for personnel to enact the plan as needed. The plan identifies internal and external communications; training and sustainability; authority and references as defined by state mandates and actions the school will use for prevention, protection, mitigation, response, and recovery.

This EOP covers all programs or entities licensed through the Department of Education that reside in this facility, regardless of their reporting structure, ownership of the building/facilities or the time of day the program operates. Adjustments to procedures may be needed for after-hours activities (i.e., sporting events, theatre, clubs, HeadStart) and can be found in each section as appropriate.

C. Plan Activation

Decision-making authority and operational control must be clear, regardless of who is on-site. Primary and alternate decision makers should be identified for each program, regardless of the time of day that activity occurs. Plan activation responsibility does not preclude staff from taking action upon initial identification of a hazard.

See Section II.D – After Hours Activities for how the plan will be activated after hours.

This plan may be activated in part or in whole, as necessary, by:

- Tony Ertel, Principal
 - o First Alternate: Kenny Glassmeyer, School Office Manager
 - Second Alternate: Todd Grogan, Pastor
 - Third Alternate: Melissa Owoo, Lead Preschool Teacher

*See Emergency Contact Information Sheet for specific information.

SITUATION OVERVIEW

D. Site Information

Annunciation includes the following buildings/facilities:

- School Building
 - Serves as the base/home for Preschool and Grades K-8 and all Special Subjects/Activities (except Physical Education)
- Father Klug Center
 - Contains the Annunciation School Cafeteria and Gymnasium/Stage;
 - Is used daily for lunch, regularly for recess (when weather forces in-door recess), Tuesdays and Wednesdays for scheduled PE Class; and intermittently for School Assemblies;
 - Outside of school time, this center is used daily for the After-School Care Program (Latchkey) and regularly for Athletics (Volleyball, Basketball, Cheerleading, and Track)

• Church

 Serves as a place of all-school assembly every Thursday from 9:30 AM until 10:20 AM for Morning Prayer and then intermittently from 8:15 AM until 9:15 AM according to Masses scheduled on school calendar

This school EOP shall be applicable to all buildings and grounds for all events that occur, regardless of the time of day or day of the week.

E. School Population

Total population normally at Annunciation is approximately 171.

- 140 Students (K-8)
- 10 Students (Preschool)
- 10 Full-Time Teachers (Preschool-8)
- 4 Part-Time Teachers (Specials All are never simultaneously present)
- 5 Part-Time Auxiliary/Title Personnel Provided by LEA
- 1 Administrator (Principal)
- 2 Office/Support Staff (Office Manager/Nurse)
- 3 Part-Time Instructional Assistants
- 1 Cafeteria Staff
- 1 Custodial Staff

F. Functional Needs Population

Annunciation is committed to the safe evacuation and transport of all students and staff. The school recognizes that some members of its population may need additional assistance during and after an emergency. Those who may need additional assistance may have physical, sensory, mental health and cognitive and/or intellectual disabilities affecting their ability to function independently without assistance. The functional needs population includes, but is not limited to, students/staff with:

- 8 Limited English proficiency,
- 0 Blindness or visual disabilities,
- 16 Cognitive or emotional disabilities,
- 0 Deafness or hearing loss,
- 0 Mobility/Physical/Medically fragile disabilities (permanent and temporary),
- 26 Allergies (including asthma and severe allergies).

These numbers will fluctuate. Students and/or staff may require additional assistance if they are temporarily on crutches, wearing casts, etc.

Classrooms containing students and staff who require additional assistance during an emergency will be identified by faculty/staff or by parents (who are responsible for notifying the school of a student's need) and is available at in Annunciation's Main Office.

A list of staff members that have been trained and assigned to assist the functional needs population during drills, exercises and incidents is available in paper form in Annunciation's Main Office.

G. After-Hours Activities

If the school is being used after regular school hours, groups utilizing the school will be trained on emergency procedures found in this plan by the school administrator or designee. A list of after-hours events with points of contact (emergency decision-maker), meeting times, location and duration is available at the main office of school and in the cafeteria in the father Klug Center. The POC of the group will be provided the emergency contact sheet to utilize during an emergency within the building.

For after-hours events, some aspects of this EOP may need to be adjusted. For example, the office may be closed/locked and not available for reporting an emergency. Incidents that occur after hours will be reported to the school Principal by phone and then by email as a follow up. The school administration permits the groups using the facilities to make life-safety decisions if procedures in this plan are not available.

After regular school hours, this plan may also be activated in part or in whole, as necessary, by after school activities POCs.

H. Off-Site Activities

Field trips and other off-site official school activities may require additional emergency planning. Consider the following:

• Take Emergency Contact sheet with you

- Identify medical needs of students and staff. Ensure appropriate medications are available on trip and kept secure with an adult who can administer
- Have ready access to medical treatment authorization forms
- Have ready access to emergency parent/guardian contact information
- Backup transportation and repair information
- Emergency funding mechanism for unexpected overnight housing/food
- Review emergency procedures for destination
- Provide emergency contact numbers for staff on trip to school administrators (to remain at school in case parent needs to reach child)

I. Planning Assumptions

The following list of planning assumptions allow for deviation from the plan if certain assumptions or conditions prove not to be true during operations.

- A major disaster could occur at any time and at any place, some with little or no warning. In many cases, dissemination of warning to the public and implementation of increased readiness measures may be possible.
- Any emergency may overwhelm the resources of the school building.
- Outside assistance from local fire, law enforcement and emergency managers will be available in most serious incidents. Because it takes time to request and dispatch external assistance, it is essential for the school to be prepared to provide immediate decision making and first aid.
- Following a major or catastrophic incident, the school may have to rely on its own resources to be self-sustaining for up to 72 hours.
- Risk of harm, injury and damage will exist regardless of how much a school plans for an emergency. This plan facilitates reduction of that risk. Loss of life and property is still possible.

It is the policy of Annunciation that no guarantee is implied by this plan of a perfect incident management system. As personnel and resources may be overwhelmed, Annunciation will endeavor to make every reasonable effort to manage the situation with the resources and information available at the time.

J. Conditions That Could Impede School Functions

The following products and services are crucial to the daily needs of the school. The lack of these may create an emergency and/or may not be available following an emergency. Alternate sources will be utilized and are identified below. If alternative sources are not available, the school will coordinate with the County Emergency Management Agency.

•	Electric	Duke Energy – Service, 800-544-6900
		Power outage could result in school closure

Gas
 Constellation - Service, 833-848-6938
 Gas outage could result in school closure

•	Water	Greater Cincinnati Water Works – Service, 513-591-7700 Water outage could result in school closure
•	Phone Service	Cincinnati Bell – Service, 513-566-9434
•	Internet / VoiP	Cincinnati Bell – Service, 513-566-9434 Hamilton Clermont Cooperative – Susan Patrick, 513-728-7913
•	Trash Removal	Rumpke – Service, 800-828-8171
•	Food Service	Kaldis Catering – Jeremy Thompson, 513-368-1534 *If food source is disrupted or becomes unavailable, the Principal will coordinate with Annunciation PTO to provide a meal, mandate that all students pack a lunch, or Close the School. PTO President Jill Novak – 513-325-5721
•	Transportation	CPS Transportation Office: Pamela Williams, 513-363-0327 CPS Transportation Office – 513-363-0330 First Student – Office, 513-830-7720 Queen City – Office, 513-941-8700

II. PREVENTION

A. Training on the Plan

Faculty and Staff receive a copy of the plan and undergo training on the plan at the beginning of the year in-service (in August prior to the first day of school). The plan is also provided to all school families for their information prior to the start of the school year (access given to electronic file). During the course of the year, sections of the plan are reviewed and discussed in more detail during monthly faculty meetings (first Tuesday of each month) with all faculty. Following these meetings, teachers provide related training to students during that week.

Furthermore, an annual safety drill is required for all persons – at least one drill during the year is conducted under the supervision of the SRO. The school also remains compliant with the list of "required drills and reporting" on page 7 (next page).

Substitute personnel are provided 'just-in-time' training each time they work in the building. This training includes:

- Review of duties of substitute teachers as identified in this Plan.
- Review of all functional content areas
- Methods of notification
- Accountability procedures

B. Exercise the Plan

Annunciation will conduct an annual Emergency Management Test (EMT) in accordance with OAC 3301-5-01. The school should coordinate exercise efforts with relevant community partners including first responders and County EMA. The EMT will be documented in SAFE.

Annunciation will conduct drills and exercises with the purpose of testing the procedures identified in the School EOP and to ensure that administration, staff, faculty, and students are familiar with the specific actions required in the School EOP. The school will conduct the drills identified in ORC 3737.73 in accordance with all statutory requirements.

Summary of Required Drills and Reporting					
ТҮРЕ	Number of Dr		Reported to:		
Rapid Dismissal (Fire) Drills (1st drill must be within first 10 days of school)	 IF all classrooms have either sprinklers or smoke detectors, 6, monthly during the school year 	 IF one or more classrooms has neither a sprinkler or smoke detector, 9, monthly during the school year 	Email scanned form to sfm_codeenf@com.state.oh.us		
Tornado Drills	One per month April - when school is in sess	-			
Safety Drills 3 functional	 Dismissal or To Must involve st Must be coordi enforcement 1 of the 3 must secured in the Provide instruction and staff regardin followed in such s Student participat Can be conducted 	audents nated with law involve being building n to school faculty of procedures to be situations tion optional d during annual required in R.C. §	Reported to Local law enforcement by December 5th of each year, contains previous year's drills, dates and times. Includes estimated dates of safety drills for the current school year.		
 There is an annual enter one EMT int One of each type entered over a 3-y Drills will exercise Drills will exercise A Rapid Dismissa 	(Table Top, Functional, vear cycle at least One Functional at least One Threat/Ha I, Tornado or Safety operly documented,	: each <u>calendar</u> year, Full Scale) must be I Content Area	 Enter in to SAFE within 30 days of completion (https://safe.ode.state.oh.us/portal/). Must be completed by December 31st 		

Improvement Areas from Emergency Management Tests

Schools are required to enter EMTs in SAFE beginning in 2017, and every year after. Schools are required to address the 3 areas for improvement in the EOP.

Table T	able Top Exercise				
2017	Areas for Improvement	Changes Made			
	Limited ability to announce the emergency	In August 2018, phones were			
	(in this case – active shooter) because of	installed in every classroom.			
1	limited number of phones in the building	Teachers now have the ability to			
	and thus, limited access to PA system.	access the PA system and announce			
		an emergency through those phones.			
2	Teachers had limited knowledge of	Principal reviewed gathering points			
2	gathering points in case of evacuation.	with teachers.			
	Teachers expressed confusion	Principal reviewed teacher roles in			
3	surrounding their individual roles in	the case of emergency – active			
5	response to the emergency – active	shooter - and answered questions on			
	shooter.	this topic.			
	Students had not been "drilled" enough or	Teachers established time in the			
	spoken to about emergencies with	days following the exercise to discuss			
4	appropriate regularity. During the Tabletop	the potential emergencies with			
	exercise teachers expressed concern that	students.			
	students would not know what to do.				

Functional Exercise

2018	Areas for Improvement	Changes Made
	Teachers did not effectively communicate	In a follow up meeting, the Principal
1	a student count to the Incident Command	reviewed how teachers should
1	once "Lockdown Level 2" was announced.	communicate to Principal – especially
		regarding a student count.
	Incident Command did not appropriately	Principal noted that he should be
2	seek out student counts after teachers	more active in seeking student count
-	failed to communicate student	from teachers in the case that they
	count/accountability.	do not immediately send count.
	One teacher was caught outside of	Principal issued reminder to ALL staff
	classroom (in gymnasium) and didn't know	of the importance of carrying their cell
	where to go for lockdown. She also didn't	phones with them. Principal and SRO
2	carry her cell phone with her to	discussed with teachers where they
5	communicate her location back to Incident	should go (and by what principles
	Command.	they should act) in the case where
		they are "caught" outside of their
		respective classrooms.

Full Scale Exercise - **Scheduled for Spring 2019 with SRO

2019	Areas for Improvement	Changes Made
1		
2		
3		

PROTECTION/MITIGATION

C. Hazard Analysis

The Annunciation School is exposed to many hazards and threats which have the potential for disrupting the school community; causing casualties and damaging or destroying school property. The Hamiltony County Emergency Management Agency maintains a county wide hazard analysis and should not be included in its entirety. Each hazard listed below has been identified by each administrator, in consultation with county emergency management, as hazards and threats known to the school.

ORC 3313.536 (B)(1) states, "The administrator shall examine the environmental conditions and operations of each building to determine potential hazards..."

Each hazard checked "yes" in this table will need to be included in the hazards/threats section below.

	Hazard/Threat	Yes	No
	Active Shooter	X	
	Bomb Threat	\boxtimes	
	Bullying (HIB)	\boxtimes	
	Bus Accident	\boxtimes	
	Fire	\boxtimes	
σ	Hostage	\boxtimes	
uire	Medical: Blood Borne Pathogen	\boxtimes	
Required	Severe Storm/Tornado	\boxtimes	
R(Terrorism	\boxtimes	
	Chemical Accident	\boxtimes	
	Civil Disturbance	\boxtimes	
	Dam Failure		\boxtimes
	Death	\boxtimes	
	Earthquake		\boxtimes
	Explosion	\boxtimes	
	Flood	\boxtimes	
	Gas Outage	\boxtimes	
	Injury/Health Emergency	\boxtimes	
	Lost Child	\boxtimes	
_	Medical: Pandemic	\boxtimes	
na	Nuclear Incident	\boxtimes	
Optiona	Power Outage	\boxtimes	
Ō	Sexual Assault/Abuse	\boxtimes	

Hazard/Threat	Yes	No
Unidentified Substances (illicit	\boxtimes	
drugs)		
Water Outage/Restriction	\boxtimes	
Winter Storm/Ice Storm	\boxtimes	

* It is possible that a hazard/threat not included may occur. A thorough understanding of functional content areas can mitigate the impact of unanticipated hazards.

D. Security Measures

The school administrator ensures physical and operational security measures are in place to foster a safe learning environment.

An Annual review of the school's physical security features is conducted by The School Principal. Security equipment will be checked on an as-needed basis as determined by the Principal by the appropriate technician or maintenance personal (ex. Larry's Lock Safe and Security for cameras) to ensure the equipment is working properly. The School Principal has the responsibility of identifying funding opportunities and/or obtaining grants to cover future costs of physical security improvements.

The school should make a plan to repair, replace or update equipment that is found to be ineffective as the result of the Emergency Management Test or actual emergencies.

Effective physical security measures address a variety of hazards and threats.

Secu	rity Self-Assessment		_			
Reco	nmended Security Measures	Existing – 100%	Existing - Partial	Does Not Exist	Future Budget	Not Relevant
	Lockable exterior doors	Х				
	All exterior doors are locked during school hours		Х			
	Exterior doors labeled	Х				
	Exterior windows labeled			Х		
	Anti-ballistic/Shatter-proof glass or film on doors/windows			Х		
	Landscaping maintained from obscuring windows	X				
<u> </u>	Fenced playground		Х			
Exterior	Bollards used to protect building access			Х		·
xte	Adequate lighting at exterior doors	Х				
ш	Adequate lighting in parking lot(s)	Х				
	Adequate lighting on walkways		Х			
	Parking decals used	Х				
	Driving lanes are clearly marked	Х				
	Traffic patterns and procedures for drop off/pick up are enforced	Х				
	Fire lane marking maintained	Х				
	Controlled access (Front door buzzer)	Х				
	Security vestibule exists at entry	Х				
SS	Swipe card system			Х		
e S	Key control/management system		Х			
Ac	Visitors must report to the main office upon arrival	Х				
lding Access	Visitor sign-in log	Х				
	Visitor badging system		Х			
Bu	Weapon/metal scanners			Х		
	After-hours access to the building is limited/monitored			Х		
	2-way communication device at main entry			Х		
	Security cameras on exterior doors		Х			
Security Cameras	Security camera in vestibule			Х		
me	Security cameras interior to school			Х		
Ca Ca	Cameras accessible by law enforcement during			Х		1
	emergencies only					
Interior	Locking mechanisms on the interior of classroom/office doors			Х		
Ite	TDLDs/barricade systems are available for classrooms			Х		
<u> </u>	Alarm system			Х		

	rity Self-Assessment	Existing – 100%	Existing - Partial	Does Not Exist	Future Budget	Not Relevant
	Protective gloves and masks			Х		
6	PA system reaches all parts of the building	Х				
Communications	PA reaches outdoor venues (playground, sports fields, parking lot)			Х		
	Hand-held 2-way radios/MARCS Radios			Х		
ามเ	Radio building repeater			Х		
L L L	All classrooms are able to communicate with the main office		Х			
Ö	Tip line			Х		
Ŭ	Anti-bullying posters displayed		Х			
S	Teachers monitor hallways and restrooms between classes		Х			
ent	Security staff or SRO on duty during school hours			Х		
Staff and Students	Students and staff are trained not to open exterior doors for those attempting to gain entry to the building and avoid the office		Х			
taff a	Students and staff are trained not to prop open exterior doors	X				
S	Students trained on "See Something, Say Something"			Х		
Other						

III. RESPONSE

The school administrator ensures physical and operational security measures are in place to foster a safe learning environment.

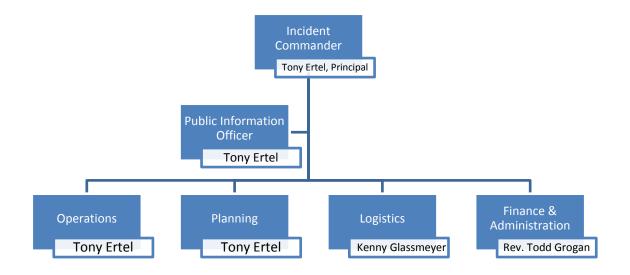
A. Incident Command Roles and Responsibilities

In a major emergency or disaster, the school may be damaged or need to be evacuated, people may be injured, and/or other incident management activities may need to be initiated. School officials and staff are expected to take charge and manage the incident until it is resolved or command is transferred to someone more qualified, usually an emergency responder with legal authority to assume responsibility.

All activities necessary in managing an incident must be organized and coordinated to ensure the most efficient response. The school formally adopted the National Incident

Management System on 2/25/2019, in compliance with OAC 3301-5-01, and is in the process of phasing in the various training modules. Training requirements for all staff can be found in the training section of this plan.

Incident Command Structure Chart



There are many responsibilities to fulfill before, during and after an emergency. The below table indicates general responsibilities that must be addressed regardless of the type of hazard. See each hazard for additional responsibilities.

School Sta	aff F	Res	por	sib	ilitie	es						
Responsibilities	Pastor	Principal	Office Manager	Teachers	Instructional Aides	Substitute teachers	Cafeteria	Students	Concealed Carry	Parents/Guardians	Custodian	School Resource
Makes policy decisions	Χ	Χ							N/A			
Informs Policy Group (Superintendent, Board, legal, etc.)	х	х							N/A			
Incident command/unified command		Х	Х						N/A			
Identifies resources	Х	Х	Х						N/A			Х
Notifies First Responders (calls 9-1-1)	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		N/A	Χ	Χ	
Secures scene/preserves evidence	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ					N/A		Χ	
Makes all school resources available to first responders (PA, keys, security cameras, radios, etc.)	x	x	x	X					N/A		x	
Activates Emergency Communication System(s)		X	x	X					N/A			
Accounts for all building occupants during/after an incident (staff, students, visitors, vendors, etc.)		x	x						N/A			
Reports to IC any missing/unaccounted students, staff, visitors or vendors.			x	X	x	x			N/A			
Provides first aid		Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х			N/A		Х	
Provides just-in-time training to substitute teachers/staff		х	х	X					N/A			
Accesses school emergency records	Χ	Χ	Χ						N/A			Х
Maintains Custody Records (parent, guardian, other authorized adults)		х	х	X					N/A			
Monitors phones/emergency radio		Χ	Х	Χ					N/A			
Provides training to students on emergency procedures		X	x	X					N/A			X

School staff is responsible for handling emergencies until the first responders arrive.

School Sta	aff F	Res	pon	sib	iliti	es						
Responsibilities	Pastor	Principal	Office Manager	Teachers	Instructional Aides	Substitute teachers	Cafeteria	Students	Concealed Carry	Parents/Guardians	Custodian	School Resource
Follows decisions of incident command	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	N/A	Χ	Χ	
Reports emergencies	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	N/A	Х	Х	Х
Complies with school policies during an incident	X	Х	X	Х	X	X	Х	Х	N/A	X	X	
Coordinates functional content adjustments for after-hours activities		Х							N/A			
Arranges for transportation of students to reunification site		Х	X	Х					N/A			
Leads/directs students during an incident		Х	X	Х	x	X			N/A		X	
Ensures kitchen equipment has been shut-off prior to leaving building							Х		N/A		X	
Interfaces with IC/media/parents	Χ	Χ							N/A			Х
Shuts off utilities, as needed	Χ	Χ	Χ						N/A		Χ	
Surveys building for damage	Χ	Χ	Χ						N/A		Χ	
Participates in After Action Meetings following an activation of this plan		X	X	X					N/A			
		X	X	X					N/A			

B. Functional Content Areas (Protective Measures)

Functional content areas are protective measures used to protect life and property. Protective measures are used in response to hazards and threats that occur.

It is likely that multiple protective measures may be used to provide the greatest protection to life and property.

To become familiar with these functional content areas staff and students will participate in drills, the annual Emergency Management Test and additional training.

		R	ESPO	NSE N	IATR	RIX					
				Fun	ctio	nal C	onte	nt Are	eas		
Thi	reat / Hazard	Close School	Drop, Cover, Hold on	Emergency Communication	Evacuation	Family Reunification	Lockdown	Medical Response	Rapid Assessment	Reverse Evacuation	Shelter-in-Place
	Active Shooter	Х		X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	Bomb Threat	Х		Х	Х	Χ			Χ		Х
	Bullying (HIB)			X					Χ		
	Bus Accident			X	Χ	Χ		Х	Χ	Х	Х
	Fire	Χ		X	Χ	Χ			X		
	Hostage	Χ		X	Χ	Χ	Χ		X		Х
pe	Medical: Blood borne Pathogen			Х			X	Х	X		Х
Required	Severe Storm/Tornado	X		X		X			X	Х	X
Ř	Terrorism	Χ		X	Х	Χ	Х		Χ	Х	X
	Chemical Accident			X	Х	Χ		Χ	Χ	Х	X
	Civil Disturbance	Χ		X		Χ	Χ		Χ	Х	Х
	Dam Failure	Χ		X	Х	Х			Χ		
	Death	Χ		X				Х	Χ		X
	Earthquake	Χ	Х	X	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ		X
	Explosion	Χ		X	Χ	Χ		Х	Χ	Х	X
	Flood	Χ		X	Х	Χ			Х		
	Gas Leak/Outage	Χ		X	Х	Χ			Χ		
	Injury/Health Emergency			x			х	Х	x		
	Lost Child			Х					X	Х	
	Medical: Pandemic	Х		X				Х	X		
	Nuclear Incident	X		X	Х	Х		X	X		
	Power Outage	X		X	X	X			X		Х
	Sexual Assault/Abuse			Х				Х	X		
Optional	Unidentified Substances /Illicit Drugs			x					x		

Water Outage /Restriction	X	X	X	Х		X		
Winter Storm/Ice Storm	X	Х	X	X		X	X	Х

CLOSE SCHOOL

Definition

School closure is a useful method for preventing/mitigating damage to people and property, in a variety of instances.

Applicable to Below Hazards

Active Shooter	Hostage
Bomb Threat	Influenza Outbreak
Civil Unrest	Medical: Pandemic
Dam Failure	Nuclear Incident
Death	Power Outage
Earthquake	Severe Weather/Tornado
Explosion	Terrorism
Fire	Water Outage
Flood	Winter Storm/Ice Storm
Gas Leak/Outage	

Close School Procedure

Notification is paramount when it becomes necessary to close school.

Before or after school being in session;

Provide information relevant to the closing, including the expected duration

- Notify Parents by phone call, text, and email
- Notify Staff
- Notify Bus/transportation providers
- Notify Media

During a school day:

Provide information relevant to the closing, including the expected duration

- Notify staff and students
- Notify Bus/transportation providers
- Notify Parents by phone call, text, and email
- Notify Media
- Make arrangements for students who cannot be picked up (unable to reach parent/guardian, etc.); reunification, law enforcement or social services
- Cancel on-site after school program(s)
- Activate Family Reunification, if needed

Consider what may occur (absence of adult supervision) if students are sent home midday;

- Can other arrangements be made (off-site evacuation?)
- Is mid-day busing an option due to a delay caused by notifying/activating drivers?
- Are children being sent into an unsafe environment?

DROP, COVER, AND HOLD ON

Definition

An earthquake has the potential to knock you to the ground. Earthquakes can cause furniture to move, and even buildings to collapse.

Applicable to Below Hazards

Earthquake

Drop, Cover, and Hold On Procedure

DROP where you are, onto your hands and knees. Stay low and crawl to shelter if nearby.

COVER your head and neck with one arm and hand.

- If a sturdy table or desk is nearby, crawl underneath it for shelter
- If no shelter is nearby, crawl next to an interior wall (away from windows)
- Stay on your knees; bend over to protect vital organs

HOLD ON until the shaking stops.

- Under shelter: hold onto it with one hand; be ready to move with your shelter if it shifts
- No shelter: hold on to your head and neck with both arms and hands.

After an Earthquake

Aftershocks can occur following the initial quake. These may occur immediately and last sporadically for weeks or months.

EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION

Definition

Communication is a critical part of incident management. This section outlines Annunciation's emergency communication plan and supports its mission to provide clear, effective internal and external communication between the school, staff, students, parents, emergency responders, the community and media.

Applicable to Below Hazards

Active Shooter	Hostage
Bomb Threat	Injury/Health Emergency
Bullying (HIB)	Lost Child
Bus Accident	Medical: Blood borne Pathogen
Chemical Accident	Medical: Pandemic
Civil Unrest	Nuclear Incident
Dam Failure	Power Outage
Death	Severe Storm/Tornado
Earthquake	Sexual Assault/Abuse
Explosion	Terrorism
Fire	Unidentified Substances/Illicit Drugs
Flood	Water Outage/Restriction
Gas Leak/Outage	Winter Storm/Ice Storm

Emergency Communication Procedures Methods of Communication

The below table indicates which method of communication is likely to be used to implement the functional content areas (left column). If the situation warrants or a communication method fails, additional methods should immediately be implemented.

N	letho	ds of (Commu	nicatio	on				
Functional Content Area (Protective Measures)	Phone	Radios	Public Address System	Cell phones	Mega phone	Social Media	Computer alert popups	School wide	Other - Local Telvision
Close School	Х			Х		Х		Х	Х
Drop, Cover, Hold On	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Emergency Communication	Х		X	X	Х			Х	
Evacuation	Х		Х	Х	Х			Х	
Family Reunification	Х			Х	Х			Х	
Lockdown	Х		X	X	Х			X	
Medical Response	X			X	Х				
Mental Health Services	X			X				Χ	

Rapid Assessment	Х	Х	Х			Х	
Reverse Evacuation		Х	Х	Х			
Shelter-in-Place		Х		Х			

*This table does not limit the school administrator from altering this plan if the incident requires different communication methods.

The school is aware of the following communication system limitations or deficiencies:

- Cell phones are operational, but have poor reception in ground level of school building
- School PA System does not reach outside playground

Priority of communication to recipients

- 1. Those directly involved in the incident
- 2. First responders
- 3. Policy group/superintendent/school administration
- 4. Parents
- 5. Media
- 6. Community

Before an Emergency

Schools are required to annually notify parents prior to the first day of school how parents will be notified of emergencies and how to sign up if the school has an opt-in system. Per ORC 3313.535 (B)(3) all parents must be notified prior to the opening day of the school year. This notification is accomplished via Email and is distributed to parents at least two weeks prior to opening day.

The emergency notification system is tested Annually.

The communication office or public information officer has:

- Created the policies and plans for communicating emergency information internally and to the public. These policies are separate from this School Emergency Operations Plan and can be found at in the Principal's Office, including:
 - a plan to address an influx of phone calls from parents and community members.
 - templates for statements/press releases, the communication plan and media contacts at the major television, Internet and radio stations are maintained by the Principal and located as a hard copy in the Principal's Office.
 - Contact list of community partner Public Information Officers (PIOs).

During an Emergency

- Disseminate information via text messages, e-mail, and voice call to inform parents about what is known to have happened.
- The OptionC attendance tracker is used to communicate attendance/accountability status to Incident Command.

- Implement a plan to manage an influx of phone calls and parents who arrive at school.
- Provide regular updates to media and school community.
- Establish a media site and reception area away from the school and any established Incident Command Post.
- Coordinate media communications with relevant community partners through the Joint Information Center (JIC), if established.
- Provide only information that has been approved to be released by the Incident Commander in charge of the scene.
- Monitor release of information and correct misinformation.
 - Coordinate messages with the principal/senior leadership.

After an Emergency

- After an incident, Annunciation administrators may schedule and attend an open question-and-answer meeting for parents as soon as possible.
- Inform parents about when and where school will resume.

EVACUATION

Definition

Evacuation will take place if it is determined that it is safer away from the hazard. This could be in a different part of the building or outside, depending on your facility; or offsite.

Applicable to Below Hazards

Active Shooter	Explosion	Power Outage
Bomb Threat	Fire	Severe Storm/Tornado
Bus Accident	Flood	Terrorism
Chemical Accident	Gas Leak/Outage	Water Outage/Restriction
Dam Failure	Hostage	Winter Storm/Ice Storm
Earthquake	Nuclear Incident	

Evacuation Procedures

Below are procedures to evacuate the facility.

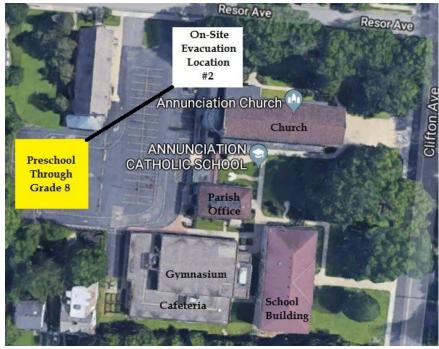
On-Site Evacuation Site(s)

On-site evacuation sites may be pre-identified locations. The site to use is incident specific. Identify at least 2 on-site evacuation sites.

- On-Site Evacuation Location #1:
 - Street address:3545 Clifton Ave. Cincinnati, OH 45220
 Satellite view:



- Directions to the site: (1) Site #1 is on the East side of the School and Church Building between those edifices and Clifton Avenue.
- Special considerations for disabled: All disable persons should remain with their classes for this on-site evacuation location.
- Assembly areas for accountability (take attendance)
 - Preschool through Grade 3 assemble in lines in front of School Building (in the grass)
 - Grade 4 through Grade 8 assemble in lines in front of Church Building (on the esplanade)
- On-Site Evacuation Location #2
 - Street address: 3545 Clifton Ave. Cincinnati, OH 45220
 - Satellite view:



- Directions to the site: (2) Site #2 is on the West side of the Annunciation School campus in the Recess Area Parking Lot. This parking area is gated off from the main parking lot.
- Special considerations for disabled: All disable persons should remain with their classes for this on-site evacuation location.
- Assembly areas for accountability (take attendance)
 - Preschool through Grade 8 assemble in lines in this gated off portion of the parking lot.

- Resor Ave Resor/Ave **On-Site** Evacuation Location **Preschool Through** #3 Grade 8 Gather in Annunciation Church Church ANNUNCIATION CATHOLIC SCHOOL Parish Office Gymnasium School Cafeteria Building
- - Street address: 3547 Clifton Ave. Cincinnati, OH 45220 Satellite view:

- Directions to the site: (3) Site #3 is Annunciation Church located on the North end of the Annunciation campus.
- Special considerations for disabled: All disable persons should remain with their classes for this on-site evacuation location.
- Assembly areas for accountability (take attendance)
 - Preschool through Grade 8 assemble in their designated • seating areas of the Church. All students in the front half of Church with the younger grades closest to the front and the older grades closer to the middle of the Church.
 - This location is to be used when safe and when outside • weather is too harsh.

The evacuation site should always be screened for safety purposes prior to using. For example, if the school receives a bomb threat and decides to use the football stadium as the on-site evacuation location, the stadium should be screened for any hazardous devices first.

On-Site Evacuation Location #3

Off-site Evacuation

- Primary Off-Site Evacuation Location Walking: Fairview-Clifton German Language School
 - Street address:3689 Clifton Ave., Cincinnati, OH, 45220
 - Satellite view:





- Method of access: Contact School Personnel
 - Principal Monisha House Cell: 513-623-9486
 - Assistant Principal Dave Maile Cell: 513-400-6532
 - Office Vicki Bush Cell: 513-917-0275
 - Office Judi Enderle Cell: 513-344-1567
 - Office Jody Curren Cell: 513-477-8702
 - Office Number 513-363-2100
- Directions to the site: Walk North, crossing Resor Ave., through St. John's Unitarian Church driveway (on the East side of St. John's). Continue walking North through St. John's parking lot (located behind the church) to the pedestrian gate located at the Northeast Corner of St. John's parking lot. Cross through the gate to the Fairview-Clifton German Language School's lower parking lot. From there, the Fairview Staff will direct us to remain in the lower lot, gather on the Northwest Playground, or gather in the Gymnasium located on the first floor of the school building.

- Special considerations for disabled: All disabled persons should remain with their classes for this off-site evacuation location.
- Assembly areas for accountability (take attendance)
 - Students will assemble by class with their teachers for attendance.
- <u>Secondary Off-Site Evacuation Location Walking: Immanuel</u>
 <u>Presbyterian Church and Child Center</u>
 - Street address:3445 Clifton Ave., Cincinnati, OH, 45220
 - Satellite view:





- Method of access: Contact Personnel
- Director of Child Center Greg Windle Cell: 513-324-2618
- Office Number 513-861-2692
- Directions to the site: Walk South, down Clifton Ave. Cross over Bryant Ave. and Immanuel Presbyterian Church and Child Center is on the right. From there all persons should gather or outside or be directed inside.
- Special considerations for disabled: All disabled persons should remain with their classes for this off-site evacuation location.
- Students will assemble by class with their teachers for attendance.

FAMILY REUNIFICATION

Family Reunification is the process of reuniting students and parents/guardians. This process includes a formal transfer of custody, involving an identification verification of the parent/guardian prior to the release of a student.

Applicable to Below Hazards

Active Shooter	Explosion	Power Outage
Bomb Threat	Fire	Severe Storm/Tornado
Bus Accident	Flood	Terrorism
Chemical Accident	Gas Leak/Outage	Water Outage/Restriction
Dam Failure	Hostage	Winter Storm/Ice Storm
Earthquake	Nuclear Incident	

Family Reunification Procedures

Before an Emergency

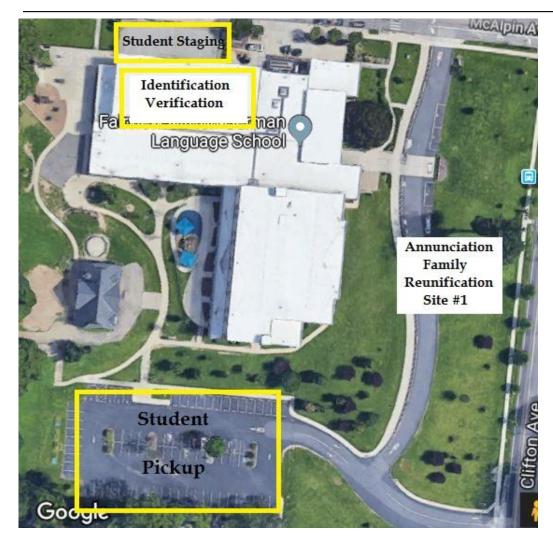
Student records should include custody information for emergency reunification purposes. This should be provided by a parent/guardian with custody rights at the beginning of each school year. Additional first responder and county EMA resources are likely to be needed to manage media, security, first responder resource management, access control, etc.; and should be planned for in county EMA plans.

Primary and Alternate Reunification Sites are listed below.

Primary Site: Fairview-Clifton German Language School

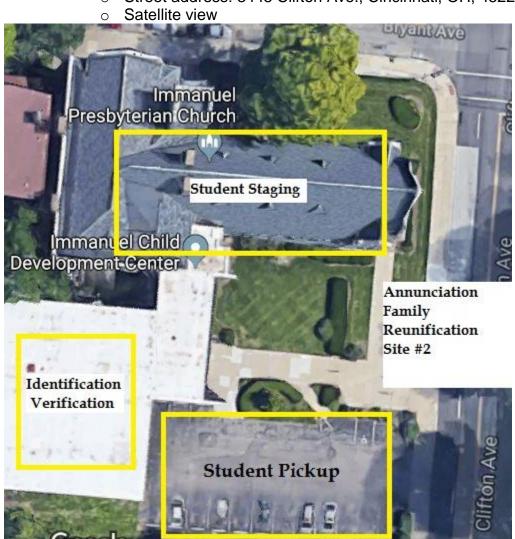
- Street address: 3689 Clifton Ave., Cincinnati, OH, 45220
- Satellite view:

[School Name] Emergency Operations Plan



- Directions to the site: Walk North, crossing Resor Ave., through St. John's Unitarian Church driveway (on the East side of St. John's). Continue walking North through St. John's parking lot (located behind the church) to the pedestrian gate located at the Northeast Corner of St. John's parking lot. Cross through the gate to the Fairview-Clifton German Language School's lower parking lot.
- Special considerations for disabled: All disabled persons should remain with their classes for this off-site reunification location.
 - Transportation Plan: Reunification Site is within walking distance of Annunciation. Students will walk to site. See route in Evacuation Section above.

Secondary Site: Immanuel Presbyterian Church and Child Center



- Directions to the site: Walk South, down Clifton Ave. Cross over Bryant Ave. and Immanuel Presbyterian Church and Child Center is on the right. From there all persons should gather or outside or be directed inside.
- Special considerations for disabled: Special considerations for disabled: All disabled persons should remain with their classes for this off-site reunification location.
- Transportation Plan: Reunification Site is within walking distance of 0 Annunciation. Students will walk to site. See route in Evacuation Section above.

Street address: 3445 Clifton Ave., Cincinnati, OH, 45220 0

Establish 3 distinct areas that are not within sight of each other:

- <u>Student staging</u> Place where uninjured students are held until a parent/guardian pick them up. Counseling services should be available in a separate, private area. The structure of the environment should be adjusted to meet the students' needs
- Identification verification
 Outside of view of the student staging area and the public view. Records of emergency information must be available at this location for verification purposes.
- 3. <u>Student pickup</u> Location where student/parent reunification occurs and family is released.

During Emergency

- 1. Identify injured and deceased and where they have been transported. Coordinate notifications with law enforcement and/or medical personnel.
 - a. Notify, personally, parents/guardians of fatalities
 - b. Notify, personally, parents/guardians of injured
 - c. Notify all parents that if they have not received a personal message their child is safe. This messages should not be sent until **ALL** parents of injured/deceased are notified.
- 2. Provide information about reunification process
 - a. Location
 - b. Traffic pattern for entrance
 - c. Required identification documents
 - d. What parent should do if sending an alternate to pick up their child

Process of Reunification

- 1. Get the students to the site (See Evacuation Functional Content Area)
- 2. Separate students from parent/guardian identification verification area
- 3. Have student records relating to emergency release of students
- 4. Verify identification
- 5. Send parent to pick-up room in a private area away from public eye. Students may only be released to parents/guardians who have custody rights.
- 6. Call student to report to pick-up room.
- 7. Students that cannot be picked up will be released to law enforcement.

LOCKDOWN

Definition

Lockdown is used to secure all building occupants against a possible or known immediate threat to life. The steady state of a building requires that all exterior doors be locked.

Any failure to conform to visitor procedures should be viewed with suspicion until the person is identified as a non-threat to the school. Individuals may enter the school without following the school's security regulations. They may gain entry to the building via unlocked or propped open doors. A person may also be granted entry to the building but fail to report to the office and sign-in as a visitor.

Applicable to Below Hazards

Active Shooter
Civil Disturbance
Hostage
Injury/Health Emergency
Medical: Blood borne Pathogen
Terrorism

Lockdown Procedures

<u>Initiation</u>: Different levels of lockdown may be prudent depending on the situation. **School Incident Commander/Principal** will make an announcement declaring a level of lockdown using the public address system.

Level 1 – secured in building - no admittance to or exit from building

Level 2 – secured in classrooms – no movement in hallways

Level 3 - secured in place – no movement within classroom

<u>Accountability</u>: Take attendance and be prepared to notify Incident Commander of missing students or additional students, staff or guests sheltered in your classroom.

<u>Recall</u>: The pre-arrange signal for returning to normal activities is for the Principal or designee to announce "all clear" over the PA System.

<u>Communication and Coordination</u>: The means of two-way communication between a central location and each secured area is via phone: landline in classrooms or teacher cell phone (call or text depending on scenario).

MEDICAL RESPONSE

Definition

Medical response provides emergency first aid to any injury or illness that occurs at the school prior to first responders arriving on-scene.

The school does have a school nurse licensed by the Ohio Department of Education. The nurse is normally present on Tuesdays and Thursdays from 7:45 AM until 2:30 PM.

A medical response team, consisting of specially trained staff, does not exist.

Applicable to Below Hazards

Active Shooter	Injury/Health Emergency
Bus Accident	Medical: Blood borne Pathogen
Chemical Accident	Medical: Pandemic
Dam Failure	Nuclear Incident
Earthquake	Sexual Assault/Abuse
Explosion	

Medical Response Procedures

- 1. If a school nurse is present, either bring the student to the nurse or the nurse to the student.
 - a. If no school nurse, the designated staff member(s) should respond.
- 2. Assess the ill or injured person: develop and execute a plan of care.
- 3. Instruct another adult to call 9-1-1.
- 4. Notify school administration of incident.
- 5. School administrator should contact the student's parent or guardian.
- 6. Provide emergency medical care parent/guardian consent form to EMS
- 7. School personnel must accompany a student to the hospital if the parent/guardian is not present.
- 8. The incident should be documented per school policy

Medical Supplies a	nd Equi	pment				
		Sup	plies/ Equ	uipmen	t	
Location of supplies	Student Medications	First Aid Supplies	Epinephrine Auto Injector	Asthma Inhaler	Narcan (naloxone)	AED
Closet in Main Office	Х		Х			
Nurse's Office		Х				
Main Hallway of School Building outside of Nurse's Office						Х
Cafeteria Kitchen			Х			Х

Student medication is stored in a locked cabinet inside the closet in the main office. The keys to the cabinet are also in the closet in a small key box on the left side. The key box and the medicine cabinet are accessible to the Principal and the Office Manager who have the only two keys to the closet. The medicine can be accessed by the school nurse and other faculty under the supervision of and facilitation by the Principal and/or Office Manager.

Medical Training of Staff

The school may provide staff training, based on their duties within the school (i.e., physical education teacher), in a variety of medical response areas. The below table provides a record of their training. These staff members may be called upon to respond to a medical emergency within the building while awaiting EMS.

Enter the following in the Table below:

- T if a staff member is trained (only)
- A if a staff member has access (only)
- T/A if a staff member has both access and training

Medical Training of Staff									
				Туре	of Tra	aining			
Trained Staff members Training documentation is available in the Nurse's Office].	CPR	First Aid	Medication Administration	Epinephrine Injector	Asthma Inhaler	Breathing Treatments	Emergency Care for Diabetes	Narcan/naloxone	AED use
Tony Ertel, Principal		Α	T/A	T/A	T/A				T/A
Kenny Glassmeyer, Office Manager		Α	T/A	T/A	T/A				T/A
Melissa Owoo, Preschool Teacher	T/A	Α	T/A	T/A	T/A				T/A
Karol Fugazzi, Kindergarten Teacher		Α		T/A					T/A
Meg Herzog, Gr. 1 Teacher		Α		T/A					T/A
Lisa McClelland, Gr. 2 Teacher		Α		T/A					T/A
Jessica Woeste, Gr. 3 Teacher		Α		T/A					T/A
Henry Romer, Gr. 4 Teacher		Α		T/A					T/A
Adam Minnick, Middle School		Α		T/A					T/A
lan Wilson, Middle School		Α		T/A					T/A
Kim Cutter, Middle School		Α		T/A					T/A
Celia Deters, Middle School	T/A	Α		T/A					T/A
Tony Rocquemore, Custodian		Α		A			_		Α
Cindy Kammerer, Nurse	T/A	Α	T/A	T/A	T/A		Т		T/A

MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

Definition

Counseling services following an emergency that has affected a portion or more of the school's population will be addressed in this functional content area. These services will be made available to staff and students.

Schools should have other plans in place to address the counseling needs of students, who have experienced personal trauma or who have ongoing mental health needs.

This procedure does not preclude the need to have a long-term plan to address the mental health needs of those impacted by the emergency.

Active Shooter	Explosion	Nuclear Incident
Bomb Threat	Fire	Power Outage
Bullying (HIB)	Flood	Severe Storm/Tornado
Bus Accident	Gas Leak/Outage	Sexual Assault/Abuse
Chemical Accident	Hostage	Terrorism
Civil Unrest	Injury/Health Emergency	Unidentified
		Substances/Illicit Drugs
Dam Failure	Lost Child	Water Outage/Restriction
Death	Medical: Blood borne	Winter Storm/Ice Storm
	Pathogen	
Earthquake	Medical: Pandemic	

Applicable to Below Hazards

Mental Health Procedures

Counseling services beyond the capacity of the school counselor/psychologist will be sought out through the auxiliary services of Cincinnati Public Schools.

Annunciation School will consult with the school psychologist (a CPS Auxiliary Services member) to coordinate the need for appropriate counseling and mental health services.

School-wide, strengths-focused programming, such as an assembly or curriculum for every classroom, should be implemented to provide asset building to students after a significant incident. The National Association of School Psychologists (2009) recommends universal screening for behavioral and mental health issues to identify atrisk students who could benefit from counseling. Ohio's Project Aware has Ohio-approved screening devices can be found here: http://resources.oberlinkconsulting.com

The universal screening instrument will be identified by the community behavioral health partner (selected in conjunction with the county EMA) with input from relevant stakeholders (e.g, school administration).

In addition to self-reported screening instruments, staff should be educated to recognize signs and symptoms of stress, grief, and trauma. If a staff member or student believes someone may be exhibiting concerning signs and symptoms, they should refer that person to the School Principal and School Psychologist for further review and recommendation.

RAPID ASSESSMENT

Definition

A rapid assessment is a decision-making process to help school administrators implement the appropriate functional content areas prior to arrival of first responders.

Applicable to Below Hazards

Active Shooter	Explosion	Nuclear Incident
Bomb Threat	Fire	Power Outage
Bullying (HIB)	Flood	Severe Storm/Tornado
Bus Accident	Gas Leak/Outage	Sexual Assault/Abuse
Chemical Accident	Hostage	Terrorism
Civil Unrest	Injury/Health Emergency	Unidentified
		Substances/Illicit Drugs
Dam Failure	Lost Child	Water Outage/Restriction
Death	Medical: Blood borne	Winter Storm/Ice Storm
	Pathogen	
Earthquake	Medical: Pandemic	

Rapid Assessment Procedures

Rapid assessment is conducted by the first adult to assist in determining which functional content areas to implement and for which building occupants.

- 1. Approach the scene with caution (e.g., suspicious package, injured, look for objects hanging overhead, spills, etc.)
- 2. Assess the extent of the emergency; call or send someone to call 911 if assistance is needed
- 3. Address life threatening issues prior to the arrival of first responders/administer First Aid for bleeding, breathing
- 4. Identify and implement functional content areas as necessary
- 5. Set a perimeter (establish a boundary for onlookers)
- 6. Do not move victims unless their lives are endangered in the present location
- 7. Once the scene is stabilized, ask bystanders for information
- 8. Notify school administration/policy group
- 9. Notify parents or guardians

REVERSE EVACUATION

Definition

Reverse Evacuation is rapid reentry into the building. Reverse evacuation should occur when conditions are safer inside the building than outside. Reverse evacuation is rapid re-entry into the building.

Applicable to Below Hazards

Active Shooter	Hostage
Bus Accident	Lost Child
Chemical Accident	Severe Storm/Tornado
Civil Disturbance	Terrorism
Explosion	Winter Storm/Ice Storm

Reverse Evacuation Procedures

1. Notification

A megaphone, cell phone, and/or messenger will be used to communicate with school activities outside of hearing range of interior building communication systems. See emergency communication functional content area for specific information.

2. Direction

Upon receiving notification to reverse evacuate, staff should direct students to immediately re-enter the building (or wherever the notification has specified). A pre-designated location will be identified for each staff member.

Depending on the emergency, regular activities may continue within the building. Additional protective measures should be issued as necessary.

3. All Clear

Wait for the "all clear" to be issued, indicating hazard has passed and normal activities can resume outside. The School's "all clear" will be indicated by an announcement over the public address system.

SHELTER-IN-PLACE

Definition

Shelter-in-place is used when evacuation could unduly risk life and property. Shelter-inplace provides layers of protection against the hazard, but does not guarantee safety. Shelter-in-place is hazard specific and may involve staying in place or seeking shelter nearby.

Shelters are areas of the building that maximize the safety of occupants and may change depending on the hazard/threat. Shelter-in-place could last for minutes to days based upon hazard/threat.

Consult and implement the applicable hazard/threat specific protocols while sheltering (i.e., HVAC shutdown).

Applicable to Below Hazards

Active Shooter	Death	Medical: Blood borne
		Pathogen
Bomb Threat	Earthquake	Power Outage
Bus Accident	Explosion	Severe Storm/Tornado
Chemical Accident	Fire	Terrorism
Civil Disturbance	Hostage	Winter Weather/Ice

Shelter-in-Place Procedures

Timely notification of the order to shelter in place is crucial. Multiple methods of notification are preferred. See Emergency Communication Functional Content Area for specifics on methods.

Extended Shelter-in-Place

Sheltering in place beyond a few hours may require additional resources to support the sheltered population.

Items that may be needed:

Life sustainment of sheltered occupants becomes a priority during extended sheltering events. Food, water, extra batteries, and toileting needs must be considered. Lack of access to medication stored at the school may cause a medical emergency. Supplies for sealing rooms to prevent transfer of contaminated air. Products and services identified above may need to be resupplied during extended sheltering. Contact county emergency management agency (EMA) if anticipating an extended sheltering time period to obtain additional resources.

C. Hazards/Threats

The following response information provided below is specific to each hazard or threat and supplements the actions found in the functional content areas. Procedures and information outlined in functional content areas are not duplicated here.

ACTIVE SHOOTER/ACTIVE AGGRESSOR

Definition

An active shooter or armed assailant on school property involves one or more individual's intent on causing physical harm and/or death to students and staff. Such intruders may also possess a gun, a knife, a bomb or other harmful device.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Medical Response
Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment
Family Reunification	Reverse Evacuation
Lockdown	Shelter-in-Place

Active Shooter Procedures

All school staff receives active shooter training at least annually. The school utilizes training with local Resource Officer to respond to active shooter situations.

[Annunciation School DOES NOT use Temporary Door Locking Devices]

<u>Concealed Carry Staff</u> (include section only if approved by local board of education). **The school currently does not utilize concealed carry staff.**

Responsibilities

- Those who are well acquainted with the suspect should identify themselves to the incident commander and be prepared to cooperate with law enforcement.
- Provide law enforcement with last known location of the suspect(s).
- School authorities must inform police if any armed staff are in the crime scene area.

BOMB THREAT

Definition

Notification of or perceived/actual presence of destructive device(s) or suspicious package(s) on school property. This may include any potential explosive device of an incendiary, chemical, biological, or radioactive nature.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment
Family Reunification	Shelter-in-Place

Bomb Threat Procedures

The FBI bomb threat checklist is provided to each staff member to place near all phones.

FBI/DOJ Bomb Threat Guidance

1. Conduct a Rapid Assessment

Low Risk

Lacks realism: A threat that poses a minimal risk to the victim and public safety. Probably motive is to cause disruption.

- Vague and indirect
- Information contained within the threat is inconsistent, implausible, or lacks detail
- Caller is definitely known and has called numerous times
- Threat was discovered instead of delivered (ie, written on a wall)

Medium Risk

Increased level of realism: threat that could be carried out, although it may not entirely appear realistic

- Threat is direct and feasible
- Wording in the threat suggests the perpetrator has given some thought on how the act will be carried out
- May include indications of a possible place and time
- No strong indication the perpetrator has taken preparatory steps, although there may be some indirect reference pointing to that possibility
- Indication the perpetrator has details regarding the availability of components needed to construct a bomb
- Increased specificity to the threat (ie, "I'm serious" or "I really mean this") *High Risk*

Specific and Realistic: Threat appears to pose an immediate and serious danger to the safety of others.

- Threat is direct, specific, and realistic; may include names of possible victims, specific time, and location of device
- Perpetrator provides his/her identify

- Threat suggest concrete steps have been taken toward carrying out the threat
- Perpetrator indicates they have practiced with a weapon or have had the intended victim(s) under surveillance.
- 2. Determine if a search is warranted
- 3. Determine if protective measures for the building is warranted
- 4. Coordinate with local Law Enforcement

BULLYING (HARASSMENT, INTIMIDATION, AND BULLYING {HIB})

Definition

Harassment, intimidation or bullying behavior by any student/school personnel in Annunciation School is strictly prohibited, and such conduct may result in disciplinary action, including suspension and/or expulsion from school. "Harassment, intimidation, or bullying, in accordance with ORC 3313.666, means any intentional written, verbal, graphic or physical acts including electronically transmitted acts (i.e., Internet, cell phone, personal digital assistant (PDA), or wireless hand-held device), either overt or covert, by a student or group of students toward another student(s) with the intent to harass, intimidate, injure, threaten, ridicule or humiliate. Such behaviors are prohibited on or immediately adjacent to school grounds, at any school-sponsored activity, on school-provided transportation or at any official school bus stop.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication
Mental Health Services
Rapid Assessment

Anti-HIB Procedures

School personnel must report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;

Custodial parent or guardian of any student involved in a prohibited incident must be notified in accordance with the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," and have access to any written reports pertaining to the incident;

Annunciation School has the following policy related to bullying.

Harassment/Bullying Policy

- 1. General
 - It is the policy of Annunciation School (the "School") that any form of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, regardless of where, how, or when it takes place, is expressly forbidden.
 - The School's internet and computer system may not be used to engage in harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The "Student Responsible Use of Technology" form must be signed by each student and on file with the School.
 - The School reserves the right to impose discipline for harassing, intimidating, bullying, and other inappropriate behavior that takes place off School grounds and outside School hours.
- 2. Definition of Terms

- "Electronic act" means an act committed through the use of a cellular telephone, computer, pager, personal communication device, or other electronic communication device.
- "Harassment, intimidation, or bullying" means either of the following:
 - Any intentional written, verbal, electronic, or physical act that a student has exhibited toward another particular student more than once and the behavior both:
 - · Causes mental or physical harm to the other student; and
 - Is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment for the other student.
 - Violence within a dating relationship.
- "Harassment, intimidation, or bullying" also means electronically transmitted acts i.e., by Internet, social media/network, blog, cell phone, personal digital assistance (PDA), wireless hand-held device, or other electronic communication device, that a student has exhibited toward another particular student more than once and the behavior both:
 - Causes mental or physical harm to the other student; and
 - Is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment for the other student.
- In evaluating whether conduct constitutes harassment, intimidation, or bullying, special attention should be paid to the words chosen and the actions taken, whether such conduct occurred in front of others or was communicated to others, how the offender interacted with the victim, and the motivation, either admitted or appropriately inferred. Accordingly, what may constitute harassment, intimidation, or bullying in one circumstance might not constitute such in another. As in all disciplinary matters, the School will make this determination utilizing its sole and absolute educational discretion and judgment.

3. Types of Conduct

- Harassment, intimidation, and bullying can include many different behaviors including, but not limited to, overt intent to ridicule, humiliate, or intimidate another student. Examples of conduct that could constitute prohibited behaviors include:
 - i. Engaging in unsolicited and offensive or insulting behavior;
 - ii. Physical violence and/or attacks;
 - iii. Threats, taunts, and intimidation through words and/or gestures;
 - iv. Extortion, damage, or stealing of money and/or possessions;
 - v. Exclusion from the peer group or spreading rumors; and
 - vi. Repetitive and hostile behavior with the intent to harm others through the use of information and communication technologies, computers, cell phones, other electronic devices, the Internet, online websites, blogs, or social media/networks (also known as "cyber-bullying"). Examples of cyber-bullying include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Posting slurs on the Internet, websites, blogs, or social media/networks;
- 2. Sending abusive or threatening instant messages, text messages, emails, or other communications through the Internet, websites, blogs, or social media/networks;
- 3. Taking embarrassing photographs of students and posting them online or otherwise distributing them; and
- 4. Using the Internet, websites, blogs, social media/networks, or electronic communication devices to impersonate another individual or circulate gossip or rumors to other students.

4. Complaints

- a. Formal Complaints
 - Students and/or their parents/guardians may file reports regarding suspected harassment, intimidation, or bullying. Such written reports shall be reasonably specific including persons involved, number of times and places of the alleged conduct, the target of the suspected harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and the names of any potential witnesses. Such reports may be filed with any School staff member or administrator, and they shall be promptly forwarded to the principal or his/her designee.

b. Informal Complaints

- Students and/or their parents/guardians may make informal complaints of conduct that they consider to be harassment, intimidation, or bullying by verbal report to a teacher, School administrator, or other School personnel. Such informal complaints shall be reasonably specific as to the actions giving rise to the suspicion of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, including persons involved, number of times and places of the alleged conduct, the target of the prohibited behavior, and the names of any potential witnesses. A School staff member or administrator who receives an informal complaint shall promptly document the complaint in writing, including the above information. This written report by the School staff member and/or administrator shall be promptly forwarded to the principal or his/her designee. For the sake of fairness and maintaining accuracy of the complaint, if deemed appropriate, parents/guardians will be encouraged to submit the complaint in writing.
- c. Anonymous Complaints
 - Students who make informal complaints as set forth above may request that their name be maintained in confidence by the School staff member or administrator who receives the complaint. The anonymous complaints shall be reviewed and reasonable action will be taken to address the situation, to the extent such action may be taken that (1) does not disclose the source of the complaint, and (2) is consistent with the concept of fairness to the student alleged to have committed acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

5. School Personnel Responsibilities

- a. Teachers and Other School Staff
 - i. Teachers and other School staff who witness acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, as defined above, shall promptly notify the principal or his/her designee of the event observed, and shall promptly document the events witnessed. Teachers and other School staff who receive student or parent reports of suspected harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall promptly notify the principal or his/her designee of such reports. If the report is a formal, written complaint, such complaint shall be forwarded promptly to the principal or his/her designee. If the report is an informal complaint by a student that is received by a teacher or other staff member, he or she shall document the informal complaint and promptly forward it to the principal or his/her designee.
 - ii. In addition to addressing both informal and formal complaints, School personnel are encouraged to address the issue of harassment, intimidation, and bullying in other interactions with students. School personnel may find opportunities to educate students about harassment, intimidation, or bullying and help eliminate such prohibited behaviors through class discussions, counseling, and reinforcement of socially appropriate behavior. School personnel should intervene promptly whenever they observe student conduct that has the purpose or effect of ridiculing, humiliating, or intimidating another student or individual, even if such conduct does not meet the formal definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying set forth above.
- b. Administrator Responsibilities
 - i. Investigation
 - 1. The principal or his/her designee shall be promptly notified of any formal or informal complaint of suspected harassment, intimidation, or bullying. Under the direction of the principal or his/her designee, all such complaints shall be investigated promptly. The principal or his/her designee shall document the investigation, including any conversations with the alleged offender, victim, students, or other witnesses. Written statements may also be obtained from these individuals.
 - 2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, when a student making an informal complaint has requested anonymity, the investigation of such complaint shall be limited as is appropriate in view of the anonymity of the complaint. Such limitation of investigation may include restricting action to a simple review of the complaint (with or without discussing it with the alleged offender), subject to receipt of further information and/or the withdrawal by the complaining student of the condition that his/her report be anonymous.
 - ii. Response

- 1. Verified acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall result in an intervention by the principal or his/her designee. The intention of such intervention is to ensure that the prohibition against harassment, intimidation, and bullying is enforced, with the goal that any such prohibited behavior will end.
- 2. When acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying are verified and a disciplinary response is warranted, students are subject to the full range of disciplinary consequences, including suspension and expulsion. Anonymous complaints that are not otherwise verified, however, shall not be the basis for disciplinary action.
- 3. Harassment, intimidation, and bullying behavior can take many forms and can vary dramatically in seriousness and impact on the victim and other students. Accordingly, there is no one prescribed response or discipline to verified acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The forms of discipline listed in this Handbook are guidelines, and the School may use other disciplinary measures as the situation warrants. The decision whether to impose discipline and, if so, to what extent, is left to the professional and educational discretion of the principal or his/her designee.
- 4. Once harassment, intimidation, or bullying has been verified, the principal or his/her designee should monitor the situation to determine whether there have been additional incidents of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, or retaliation from the offender or other parties. Additionally, the principal or his/her designee may inform School personnel of the incident and instruct them to monitor the victim and the offender for indications of harassing, intimidating, bullying, or retaliatory behavior. School personnel are to intervene when prohibited behaviors are witnessed.
- iii. Reporting

1.

- Report to the Parent or Guardian of the Offender
- If after investigation, an act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying by a specific student is verified, the principal or his/her designee shall notify the Offender's parent/guardian of that finding. The parent/guardian shall also be notified of any disciplinary consequences imposed against that student.
- 2. Report to the Parent or Guardian of the Victim
 - If after investigation, an act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying against a specific student is verified, the principal or his/her designee shall notify the victim's parent/guardian of such finding.
- 3. Police and Child Protective Services

 Allegations of criminal misconduct will be reported to law enforcement, and suspected child abuse will be reported to Child Protective Services, consistent with the Archdiocese Decree on Child Protection and Ohio law. All School personnel must cooperate with investigations by outside agencies.

6. Miscellaneous

a. No discipline issued pursuant to any Handbook shall bind the School to issue the same, or even comparable, discipline to other students in the future. Nor will any form or extent of discipline be construed as a precedent for how discipline will be imposed moving forward. Rather, the School reserves sole judgment and discretion in disciplining students based on the particular circumstances of each incident, including but not limited to the respective age(s) of the student(s) involved, the student(s)' perceived maturity level, the conduct at issue, the student(s)' attitude and degree of cooperation, the student(s)' disciplinary history, and any other aggravating or mitigating circumstances the School deems present. Nothing in this section, or anywhere else in this Handbook, limits or otherwise constrains the School's authority, discretion, judgment, or responsibility in any student disciplinary matters.

BUS ACCIDENT

Definition

School bus accidents may occur both within the geographic boundaries of the district or outside the district (field trips, interscholastic activities, etc.). While data continue to show that school buses are the single safest mode of travel between home and school, accidents can occur. The dynamics of traffic, exposure to weather conditions and limited adult supervision requires that drivers be well trained.

Schools buses are required to have a first aid kit that conforms to federal standards. See OAC 3301-83 for specifics on emergency and evacuation procedures.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment
Family Reunification	Reverse Evacuation
Medical Response	Shelter-in-Place

Bus Accident Procedures

- The school and bus driver must adhere to the Ohio Pupil Transportation Operation and Safety Rules – current edition.
- The bus driver is the decision maker, unless incapacitated by accident, and should take all steps to protect students until help arrives, compliant with OAC 3301-15-83.
- The principal should send appropriate transportation and/or other staff to the accident location.

<u>FIRE</u>

Ensuring compliance with the fire plan in OAC 1301:7-7-04 is the responsibility of the local jurisdiction having authority, due to their expertise and physical access to the building.

Definition

A fire is considered to be combustion or burning, in which substances typically give out bright light, heat, and smoke. Fire can result in injury to persons, loss of life, and/or property damage.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Family Reunification
Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment

Fire Procedures

All staff is trained on how to respond in the event of a fire.

- Any staff discovering fire or smoke will activate the fire alarm, report the fire to the Principal.
- Staff, students and visitors will immediately evacuate the building using prescribed routes or alternate routes to the assembly areas.
- Take attendance.
- No one may re-enter building(s) until it is declared safe by the fire department.
- Ensure that staff, students and visitors immediately evacuate the building using prescribed routes or alternate routes due to building debris to the assembly areas. Assembly areas may need to be relocated because of the building collapse or unsafe areas from the fire.

HOSTAGE

Definition

A hostage situation involves one or more persons being held against their will by one or more individuals. If weapons are present, this should be viewed as an active shooter hazard/threat. Hostage situations may develop out of active shooter incidents or child abduction events. This hazard may be applicable if an abduction or kidnapping of a child occurs.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Mental Health Services
Emergency Communication	Rapid Assessment
Evacuation	Reverse Evacuation
Family Reunification	Shelter-in-Place
Lockdown	

Hostage Procedures

- Cooperate with hostage taker
- De-escalate the situation, if possible
- Stall for time, if possible
- Do not aggravate the hostage taker
- Provide law enforcement with last known location of suspect(s).
- Those who know hostage and/or hostage taker should identify themselves to the incident commander and be prepared to cooperate with law enforcement.

MEDICAL: BLOOD BORNE PATHOGEN

Definition

Blood borne pathogens are present in human blood and can cause disease in humans. Some examples are hepatitis B virus (HBV) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Lockdown	Rapid Assessment
Medical Response	Shelter-in-Place

Medical: Blood Borne Pathogen Procedures

Training

Custodial, maintenance, and other employees that may be exposed to human blood or other regulated body fluids receive training annually on blood borne pathogens.

Special Supplies and Equipment

- Goggles/face protection
- Nitrile Gloves
- cleaning agents
- Disinfectants
- Medical Waste Disposal Containers/Red bags
- Shoe protection

Medical: Blood Borne Pathogen Procedures

- If it's wet and not yours, don't touch it.
- Determine the nature of the event. (Vomit, urine, feces, etc. are not considered blood borne events if blood is not visible to the eye, but still require special handling.)
- Disposable gloves and disinfectant cleaning agent are more than adequate for clean-up.
- Where possible, keep the bleeding person contained in one area. Do not allow them to travel through the building until the bleeding is stopped.
- Do not use gloves that show signs of deterioration, such as peeling, cracking, discoloration, punctures, tears, etc.

The school will provide liquid soap, paper towels and waterless hand cleaner for hand-washing purposes. (Do not to use bar soap or cloth towels for hand-washing that could pass contamination to others).

Contaminated Supplies and Labeling Infectious Waste

Soiled items must be placed in a biohazard bag. The tags applied to waste receptacles containing contaminated articles must have the signal word

"BIOHAZARD" or the biological hazard symbol. If tags are not used, then other equally effective means of identification shall be used.

SEVERE STORM/TORNADO

Definition

A severe storm or tornado may occur anywhere, any time of year, day or time. The National Weather Service issues watches and warnings so that the public may take steps to protect themselves from hazardous weather. Two primary categories of hazardous weather are watches and warnings.

<u>Watch</u>

The conditions exist for severe weather to form. Continue to monitor conditions.

Warning

Severe weather has been spotted or is indicated on radar. Seek shelter immediately.

There are three types of hazardous weather that typically fall under a severe storm category they are Lightning, Severe Thunderstorm, and Tornado.

Lightning

Lightning may occur any time of year or time of day. Any outdoor activities will be canceled or moved inside until 30 minutes AFTER the last rumble of thunder.

Severe Thunderstorm

A severe thunderstorm is capable of producing one-inch diameter hail and/or wind gusts exceeding 58 mph.

<u>Tornado</u>

A tornado is a violently rotating column of air extending from the base of a thunderstorm to the ground. The strength of a tornado is measured by a set of wind estimates on the EF Scale.

EF Number	3 Second Wind Gust (MPH) estimated
0	65-85
1	86-110
2	111-135
3	136-165
4	166-200
5	Over 200

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Mental Health Response
Emergency Communications	Rapid Assessment
Evacuation	Reverse Evacuation
Family Reunification	Shelter-in-Place

Severe Storm/Tornado Procedures

- Monitor NOAA weather radio.
- Stay away from windows and doors.
- Hallways with exterior doors may become a wind tunnel and would be dangerous.
- Do not seek shelter in rooms with a large roof span (gymnasium, auditorium, cafeteria).

For a tornado

- **D** Go **DOWN** to the lowest level
- U Get UNDER something
- C COVER your head
- K KEEP in shelter until the storm has passed

TERRORISM

Definition

Terrorism is defined in Title 22 Chapter 38 U.S. Code § 2656f as "premeditated, politically motivated violence perpetrated against noncombatant targets by subnational groups or clandestine agents." Examples include (but are not limited to): chemical, biological, nuclear, radiological and conventional weapon (explosives, small arms, etc.) attacks, vehicle-borne and improvised explosive devices, hostage situations and suicide attacks.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Mental Health Services
Emergency Communication	Rapid Assessment
Evacuation	Reverse Evacuation
Family Reunification	Shelter-in-Place
Lockdown	

Terrorism Procedures

The school has designated the Principal to coordinate with Ohio Homeland Security officials in the event of a terrorist threat.

"SEE SOMETHING, SAY SOMETHING"

Suspicious activity should be reported to:

- Local Law Enforcement
- Ohio Homeland Security (OHS); Fusion Center Network
 - o 1-877-647-4683, OHS Terrorism Analysis Unit, Tip line
 - o 1-844-557-8222, STACC@dps.ohio.gov (Columbus)
 - o 1-216-515-8477, info@neofc.us (Northeast Ohio Regional Fusion Center)
 - o 1-513-263-8000, <u>gcfc@gcfc.org</u> (Greater Cincinnati Fusion Center)

School administrators will be notified of terrorist threats through either of the following means:

- A National Terrorism Advisory System (NTAS) alert from US Department of Homeland Security.
- Directly by a law enforcement or Homeland Security official.

Coordinate with local law enforcement to determine recommended course of action.

If an alert or an attack takes place in the school community, expect a high level of law enforcement activity at the local, state and federal levels. Also, expect extensive media coverage, international implications/consequences and fear to continue for a prolonged period.

CHEMICAL ACCIDENT

Definition

A chemical accident may occur within the building as a result of chemicals stored at the school or a chemical accident nearby. The Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC), managed by the County Emergency Management Agency, oversees hazardous materials and may assist with identification of chemical hazards near the school.

Schools located near highways or railroads have a greater risk because of the quantity and variety of chemicals transported.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment
Family Reunification	Reverse Evacuation
Medical Response	Shelter-in-Place

Chemical Accident Procedures

- A list of chemical stored onsite is maintained by the Principal and can be found in the Principal's Office.
- Cleanup equipment and personal protective equipment are located in the Main Office closet.
- Notify maintenance/building, custodial, and grounds staff to shut off mechanical ventilating systems, if appropriate.
- If the spill occurs within the building, isolate the area.

The following are possible sources of a chemical accident nearby the school:

• None Identified.

CIVIL DISTURBANCE

Definition

Civil disturbance is a general term used to describe a variety of violent situations. It does not include nonviolent demonstrations protected by the first amendment. For this reason, actions to be taken should be determined by administration.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Mental Health Services
Emergency Communication	Rapid Assessment
Family Reunification	Reverse Evacuation
Lockdown	

Civil Disturbance Procedures

- Crowd control is complex and unpredictable.
- Announce to the school occupants in plain language what is occurring and which protective measure they should take.
- If there is a disruption within the school, utilize the Lockdown functional content area and move all of the students and staff that are not involved to safe areas.
- Warn staff and students to be alert for unattended and suspicious items carried or left by disrupters; do not touch, move, jar, cover or otherwise disturb these. Immediately report the presence of such objects to the office/administrator.

<u>DEATH</u>

Definition

Death can occur suddenly and without warning, even in an educational setting; it can be caused by violence, self-harm, a medical emergency or an accident.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication
Medical Response
Mental Health Services
Rapid Assessment
Shelter-in-Place

Death Response Procedures

- Immediately clear the area except those who are providing direct support to the victim.
- Clear scene of any ongoing hazards for any medical or other hazards created by the event.
- Notify family
 - If the victim is a <u>staff member</u>, notify Human Resources to provide notification to family. Notification must be made in person.
 - If the victim is a <u>student</u>, coordinate with law enforcement to notify parents, if not on-scene. Notification must be made in person.
- Mental Health assistance and programming should be made available for the entire educational community.

EXPLOSION

Definition

An explosion can be the result of boiler explosion, gas leak, chemical or hazardous spill or some other man-made (bomb) or natural hazard.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment
Family Reunification	Reverse Evacuation
Medical Response	Shelter-in-Place

Explosion Procedures

- Do not re-enter the building until declared safe by the fire department.
- Ensure that staff, students and visitors immediately evacuate the building using prescribed routes or alternate routes due to building debris to the assembly areas. Assembly areas may need to be relocated because of the building collapse or unsafe areas from the explosion or continued explosions.
- Do not store petroleum and fertilizer in the same location.

<u>FLOOD</u>

Definition

Floods can occur anywhere, anytime of year. Flood waters can appear suddenly, known as flash flooding, or can rise slowly.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Family Reunification
Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment

Flood Procedures

- Never drive through a flooded street.
- It is never safe to walk near or in flood waters.
- If evacuation is by bus, do not drive through flooded streets and/or roads.
- Do not attempt to cross bridges, overpasses, or tunnels that may be damaged by flooding.
- If caught in an unavoidable situation, seek higher ground immediately. If the bus stalls and water is rising abandon the bus and seek higher ground before the situation worsens.
- Designated staff members will assist the search team to ensure that all students have been located and/or evacuated.

GAS LEAK/OUTAGE

Definition

A gas outage can occur at any time, for a variety of reasons, and usually without warning.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Family Reunification
Emergency Communications	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment

Gas Leak/Outage Procedures

Make every effort to identify the source of the problem, to ensure the failure is not within building/grounds or escalating.

- Evacuate population to on-site evacuation site (away from the hazard)
- **SMELL and TELL**: Any leak or suspected leak should be reported to the Fire Department and the Gas provider immediately (see Emergency Contact Sheet for phone numbers)
 - o Determine whether the source of the leak is inside or outside building
- Follow Fire Department instructions before relocating building to an off-site location.

Consider the potential consequences of an outage:

- Heating may not be available
- Hot water may not be available
- Some food preparation equipment may not be available
- Some Science Labs may be affected

The School has put the following plans in place to mitigate these issues:

- Buses could be used as temporary, mobile shelters during inclement weather
- Turn off electrical devices
- Turn off and abandon any motorized equipment in close proximity to the leak

INJURY/HEALTH EMERGENCY

Definition

Medical emergencies can occur at varying levels of severity.

A school nurse is scheduled to be on the school premises on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication
Lockdown
Medical Response
Mental Health Services
Rapid Assessment

Injury/Health Emergency Procedures

- Action or inaction can determine if the individual lives or dies. Fast action and decision-making are crucial.
- Administer appropriate first-aid according to your level of training until help arrives.
- Isolate the victim except for those assisting.
- Principal shall designate a staff member to accompany the injured who are transported to the hospital.
- Notify parent, guardian or another appropriate family member of the situation, include type of injury or illness, medical care given and location where the injured person has been transported.

[School Name] Emergency Operations Plan Hazard- and Threat-Specific Areas

LOST CHILD

Definition

A child is considered lost whenever a question has been raised as to their current location.

The following scenarios are included in this hazard:

- Stranger or family abduction
- Missing from class
- Not returning from recess
- Not arriving at the expected after-school location whether it be home, daycare or school event.
- Abducted or kidnapped

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication
Mental Health Services
Rapid Assessment
Reverse Evacuation

Lost Child Procedures

- Report missing child to office with a description and other noteworthy information about the child.
 - Be aware of lost child's special needs (i.e., medication, learning disability)
- Attempt to locate the child.
- Use PA system to call child to office
- Conduct a walk-through of the interior and exterior.
 - Pre-assign search areas adjacent to daily staff assignments.
 - Staff members who do not supervise students should search all other areas.
 - Search all buses.

If child is not found:

- a) Increase number of staff members searching exterior and interior
- b) Contact Police (911)
- c) Notify Parents
- d) Contact bus transportation, if appropriate
- e) Notify Field Trip location
- f) Contact Central Office

MEDICAL: PANDEMIC

Definition

A pandemic is an outbreak of disease that can spread easily from person to person. When people do not have natural immunity to a virus, serious illness or death is more likely to occur in any age group. This may be a local or regional or global outbreak.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School
Emergency Communication
Medical Response
Mental Health Services
Rapid Assessment

Medical: Pandemic Procedures

- The school will decontaminate all surfaces when 35% of school population is absent.
- The school administration will close school when 40% of school population is absent.
- Adjust school academic hours to ensure state academic hours are met for all students impacted.

NUCLEAR INCIDENT

Definition

An accident at a nuclear power plant could result in dangerous levels of radiation that could affect health and safety of those in the school.

Schools located near nuclear power plants are included in local emergency response plans and have tested their roles on a regular basis.

There are 4 levels of an emergency at a nuclear power plant:

- Notification of an Unusual Event (NOUE) Actual or potential degradation of the level of safety of the plant or indication of a security threat to the facility.
- Alert Actual or potential substantial degradation of the level of safety of the plant or a security event that involves probable life threatening risk to site personnel or damage to site equipment because of intentional malicious dedicated efforts of a hostile act.
- Site area emergency (SAE) Actual or likely major failures of plant systems needed for protection of the public or security events that result in intentional damage or malicious acts: (1) toward site personnel or equipment that could lead to the likely failure of, or (2) prevents effective access to equipment needed for the protection of the public.
- General Emergency (GE) Actual or imminent substantial core degradation or melting with potential for loss of containment integrity or security events that result in an actual loss of physical control of the facility.

There are 2 nuclear power plants that impact Ohio: Perry Nuclear Power Plant near Painesville, OH and Davis Besse Nuclear Power Station near Toledo, OH.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Medical Response
Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment
Family Reunification	

Nuclear Incident Procedures

The School Administrator should activate the Radiological Preparedness Plan.

POWER OUTAGE

Definition

A power outage can occur at any time, for a variety of reasons and usually without warning.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Mental Health Services
Emergency Communication	Rapid Assessment
Evacuation	Shelter-in-Place
Family Reunification	

Power Outage Procedures

- Make every effort to identify the source of the problem, to ensure the failure is not within building/grounds and escalating.
 - If downed lines, sparking or another danger is observed, call 9-1-1 immediately.
- Call Electric Service provider and report the outage (and law enforcement using the non-emergency phone number; see Emergency Contact Sheet).
- Notify the District Office.
- For extended outages (i.e., more than 2 hours) contact the county EMA.

Consider the potential consequences of an outage

- Areas without windows (i.e., restrooms, interior classrooms) may be in total darkness and may become safety hazards.
- Heating/Cooling will not be available.
- If water is pumped from a well, water may not be available.
- Computer equipment, not connected to a UPS (uninterrupted power supply), may lose data and will be unavailable.
- Refrigerators (including Nurse's Office), Freezers will cease cooling.
- Some food prep equipment (electrical appliances, fryers, etc.) will be unavailable.
- Security cameras, electronic locks, buzzers, if not on UPS, may cease to function.
- VoiP (Voice over internet protocol) phone systems will not function.
- Building internet servers may not be available.
- Emergency Notification systems (PA, paging, computer-generated alerts) may not be available.
- Emergency radio and television broadcasts may not be accessible.
- Battery chargers will not function.
- Student breathing treatments, etc., cannot take place.

The School has put the following plans in place to mitigate these issues

• UPS unit(s) are in place for school office computer.

- A sufficient supply of useable batteries are available and checked in the school office.
- Turn off available electrical equipment prior to power being restored.
- Stagger turning equipment on following an outage.

SEXUAL ASSAULT/ABUSE

Definition

This section addresses actions to be taken for any real or suspected sexual assault situation. First consideration should be given to the physical and mental safety and privacy of the victim. Sexual assault and abuse is any type of sexual activity that a person does not willingly permit including touching, child molestation, rape and attempted rape (vaginal, anal or oral penetration).

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication
Medical Response
Mental Health Services
Rapid Assessment

Sexual Assault/Abuse Procedures

- Preserve the crime scene until law enforcement arrives.
- Once the initial allegation has been reported, school authorities shall rely on law enforcement to conduct further investigation.
- Only clean the scene once it has been released by law enforcement.
- Assign a compassionate adult trained in trauma to remain with the victim.
- School authorities should not permit the victim to wash or shower until after a physical exam as taken place.
- Advise staff not to use victim's name on walkie-talkies, PA system, etc., and not to release victim's identity EXCEPT to law enforcement.
- Security camera tapes shall be preserved and secured.
- If the victim's clothing has been turned over to school authorities, measures will be taken to protect and provide it to law enforcement.
- School authorities are obligated to notify law enforcement of suspected criminal acts.
- Law enforcement will investigate to determine if the allegation is credible. ORC 2921.22
- School authorities will cooperate with law enforcement in a lawful investigation. ORC 2921.31

UNIDENTIFIED SUBSTANCES/ILLICIT DRUGS

Definition

Schools may encounter unidentified powders/substances that have been discarded or found during routine drug sweeps, locker inspections, and searches of students/staff.

School authorities must be aware that certain commonly used drugs are "transdermal" which means the pharmaceutical can be absorbed through the skin. Fentanyl, in particular, is a highly dangerous, potentially deadly substance which is frequently used as a cutting agent for cocaine and heroin.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Emergency Communication
Mental Health Services
Rapid Assessment

Unidentified Substances/Illicit Drugs Procedures

- 1. Proper personal protective equipment shall be used during any search.
 - a. Nitrile gloves
 - b. Mask
- 2. Do not to touch, taste or handle unidentified substances.
- 3. Narcan (Naloxone) is not available at the school to be used during exposures or overdoses.
- 4. Secure the area where the unidentified substances are found until first responders arrive.
- 5. School authorities will contact the law enforcement if unidentified substances are discovered.
- 6. School authorities will follow law enforcement/department of health instructions for cleanup of unidentified substances found at the school.

WATER OUTAGE/RESTRICTION

Definition

A water outage can occur at any time, for a variety of reasons, and usually without warning. There is a difference between a water outage (no running water) and a drinking water restriction (water is not suitable for consumption or cooking, but is available).

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Family Reunification
Emergency Communication	Mental Health Services
Evacuation	Rapid Assessment

Water Outage/Restriction Procedures

- Make every effort to identify the source of the problem, to ensure the failure is not within building/grounds and escalating.
- Call Water service provider and report the outage.

Consider the potential consequences of an outage:

- Toilets will not flush.
- Drinking water will not be available.
- Hand washing will be unavailable.
- Food prep would be difficult, if not impossible.
- Washing/sanitizing dishes would be impossible.

The School has put the following plans in place to mitigate these issues:

- Mobile toilets will be rented as a temporary measure.
- Bottled water will be provided for drinking by the Annunciation Parent Teacher Organization.
- Hand sanitizer is available in each classroom.
- Food will be provided by outside provider the normal catering service.
- Disposable dishes, flatware, etc. will be provided.

Once water is restored; the school will comply with restrictions of use issued by the Water provider following the outage, which may include running water through all taps, complying with a boil alert, using only bottled water for drinking, food preparation, etc.

WINTER STORM/ICE STORM

Definition

Snow, ice and wind have significant and varying impacts on schools.

<u>Winter Storm Warning</u>: Life-threatening severe winter conditions have begun or will begin within 24hours.

<u>Winter Storm Watch</u>: Potential for significant and hazardous winter weather within 48 hours. It does not mean that significant and hazardous winter weather will occur...it only means it is possible.

Significant and hazardous winter weather is defined as a combination of:

- 5 inches or more of snow/sleet within a 12-hour period or 7 inches or more of snow/sleet within a 24-hour period AND/OR
- 2. Enough ice accumulation to cause damage to trees or power lines. AND/OR
- 3. a life threatening or damaging combination of snow and/or ice accumulation with wind.

<u>Ice Storm Warning:</u> ¼ inch or more of ice accumulation (tree limbs break, widespread power outages, icy roads and bridges)

<u>Wind Chill Index</u>: Measure of how cold people feel due to the combined effect of wind and cold temperatures.

Functional Content Areas That May Apply

Close School	Mental Health Services
Emergency Communication	Rapid Assessment
Evacuation	Reverse Evacuation
Family Reunification	Shelter-in-Place

Winter Storm/Ice Storm Procedures

- The Principal is responsible to look at long range forecasts to stockpile adequate amounts of snow and ice removal resources.
- The Principal is responsible to monitor the weather and make recommendations to delay and/or close.
- Road conditions should be considered when determining to stay open, delay, or close.
- Decisions to delay or close are made by the school Principal, who has the authority to delay and/or close school. The alternate decision maker is the Pastor of Annunciation Church.
- A decision to delay or close will be made by 5:30 AM.

Decisions to delay or close:

- Thresholds for <u>delaying</u> school for snow, ice and wind chill.
 - Delays for snow will be based first on the decision of the public school district (Cincinnati Public Schools) to delay as Annunciation relies on yellow school bus through the district for transportation of pupils. For a day that CPS is not scheduled to be in session, the Annunciation Principal will err on the side of caution and delay based on personal assessment of road conditions.
 - Delays for ice will be based first on the decision of the public school district (Cincinnati Public Schools) to delay as Annunciation relies on yellow school bus through the district for transportation of pupils. For a day that CPS is not scheduled to be in session, the Annunciation Principal will err on the side of caution and delay based on personal assessment of road conditions.
 - 0 degrees to delay for wind chill
- Thresholds for <u>closing</u> school for snow, ice and wind chill.
 - Closings for snow will be based first on the decision of the public school district (Cincinnati Public Schools) to close as Annunciation relies on yellow school bus through the district for transportation of pupils. For a day that CPS is not scheduled to be in session, the Annunciation Principal will err on the side of caution and close based on personal assessment of road conditions and weather projections for the remainder of the day.
 - Closings for ice will be based first on the decision of the public school district (Cincinnati Public Schools) to close as Annunciation relies on yellow school bus through the district for transportation of pupils. For a day that CPS is not scheduled to be in session, the Annunciation Principal will err on the side of caution and close based on personal assessment of road conditions and weather projections for the remainder of the day.
 - 0 degrees to close for wind chill with projected temperature not rising above 0 degrees by 8 AM



	Temperature (°F)																		
	Calm	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30	-35	-40	-45
	5	36	31	25	19	13	7	1	-5	-11	-16	-22	- 28	-34	-40	-46	-52	-57	-63
	10	34	27	21	15	9	3	-4	-10	-16	-22	-28	-35	-41	-47	-53	-59	-66	-72
	15	32	25	19	13	6	0	-7	-13	-19	-26	-32	-39	-45	-51	-58	-64	-71	-77
	20	30	24	17	11	4	-2	-9	-15	-22	-29	-35	-42	-48	-55	-61	-68	-74	-81
(hc	25	29	23	16	9	3	-4	-11	-17	-24	-31	-37	-44	-51	-58	-64	-71	-78	-84
(mph)	30	28	22	15	8	1	-5	-12	-19	- 26	-33	-39	-46	-53	-60	-67	-73	-80	-87
Wind	35	28	21	14	7	0	-7	-14	-21	-27	-34	-41	-48	-55	- 62	-69	-76	- 82	-89
Wi	40	27	20	13	6	-1	-8	-15	-22	-29	-36	-43	-50	-57	-64	-71	-78	-84	-91
	45	26	19	12	5	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-58	-65	-72	-79	-86	-93
	50	26	19	12	4	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-60	-67	-74	-81	-88	-95
	55	25	18	11	4	-3	-11	-18	-25	-32	-39	-46	-54	-61	-68	-75	- 82	-89	-97
	60	25	17	10	3	-4	-11	-19	- 26	-33	-40	-48	-55	- 62	-69	-76	-84	-91	-98
	Frostbite Times 30 minutes 10 minutes 5 minutes																		
	Wind Chill (°F) = 35.74 + 0.6215T - 35.75(V ^{0.16}) + 0.4275T(V ^{0.16}) Where, T= Air Temperature (°F) V= Wind Speed (mph) Effective 11/01/01										1/01/01								

IV.RECOVERY

Following an incident, the school will need to recover from the physical and emotional harm caused by the emergency. The goal of recovery is to return school operations back to as near pre-emergency status as possible.

The school administrator will designate appropriate personnel to collaborate with external resources to accomplish the following:

- Confirm the safety of the structure and all other products and services crucial to the daily needs of the school operations as found in Section II.E of this plan. If structure is not safe implement the Continuity of Operations Plan (COOP).
- Verify continued access to student and administrative records.
- Confirm an adequate number of staff and teachers are available.
- Document damaged facilities, lost equipment and resources and special personnel expenses. Share losses with county emergency management agency as federal disaster reimbursement may be available.

CONTINUITY OF OPERATIONS PLAN (COOP)

Definition

A Continuation of Operations Plan (COOP) is needed when the facility is unavailable for an extended period of time, typically weeks or months. Plans may vary depending upon the circumstance and duration of unavailability.

Procedure

School districts, joint vocational school districts, and chartered nonpublic schools will be required to be open for instruction for a minimum of:

- 455 hours for students in half-day kindergarten;
- 910 hours for students in full-day kindergarten through Grade 6; and

1,001 hours for students in Grades 7-12 are considered a full school year.

Community schools must provide a minimum of 920 hours of learning opportunities per year.

If the facility is unavailable, the school is required to provide instructional hours that meet the annual requirement. Below are some possible solutions:

Short-Term Unavailability:

If building restoration can happen within 2 weeks, consider a temporary closure and the following methods to restore instructional hours:

- Add an hour to each school day
- Hold classes on Saturdays
- Extend the school year

Long-Term Unavailability:

- Contact County Emergency Management Agency who can assist with resources.
- Contact the Ohio Department of Education who can provide assistance on how to meet educational requirements.
- Locate an alternate facility
 - Consider local churches and community centers, with adequate space and restrooms.
 - Establish a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for use of the facility.
- Share a building with another school by running on split schedules
 - Establish an MOU.
- Transition to an online educational format
 - Ensure that all students have computer and internet access.
 - \circ The local Library may be able to provide assistance.

Permanent Closure:

- Transfer student records to the Ohio Department of Education.
- Communicate closure to parents as quickly as possible.

VII. PLAN ADMINISTRATION

A. Approval of the Plan

While developing the emergency management plan for each building, the administrator must involve the following who must sign the plan as described in ORC 3313.536.

- Community law enforcement
- Fire Officials
- Emergency Medical Technician
- Emergency Management
- Behavioral Health Community Partner
- Parents of students who are assigned to the building
- Teaching employees who are assigned to the building
- Nonteaching employees who are assigned to the building

Changes made to the plan should be shared with all emergency responder agencies and with all signatories.

B. Planning Team/Safety Committee

The Planning Team/Safety Committee, per OAC 3301-5-01 (C), is the group of building personnel and community stakeholders who address safety issues within the school. The Safety Committee meets at least 2 times per year. The team also collaborates as needed via email, phone calls and one on one meetings. Furthermore, the Committee collaborates with the Community Stakeholders in the same manner on an as-needed basis. Persons who are not members of the team are invited to make security recommendations at PTO Meetings and directly with school staff.

The Safety Committee members are:

Building personnel

- Tony Ertel, Principal
- Celia Deters, Teacher
- Kenny Glassmeyer, Non-Teacher

Community Stakeholders

- Cincinnati Police Department, Law Enforcement (James Mitchell SRO)
- Cincinnati Fire Department, Fire Department
- Cincinnati EMS, EMS
- Hamilton County EMA, Emergency Management

C. Review and Updates to the Plan

The emergency management plan should clearly identify the latest revision date and the signature of individuals involved in its creation and/or revision.

Between January 1 and July 1 of each calendar year, the school administrator shall review the plan and certify to the Ohio Department of Education that the plan is current and accurate. The certification must be entered into SAFE no later than July 1. During the annual review, the School EOP and all components of the Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan will be checked for compliance with ORC 3313.536 and any other applicable state or local ordinance.

Additionally, if at any time changes are made to the School EOP, the revised content will be uploaded to the school's SAFE account within 10 days of those changes being adopted.

In order to remain in compliance with ORC 3313.536, the administrator shall renew the school emergency management plan at least once every three years. Evaluation for compliance will occur at this time.

D. Personal Emergency Preparedness

All Annunciation staff members are encouraged to develop personal and family emergency plans and maintain a personal level of preparedness. Each family should anticipate that a staff member may be required to remain at school following an emergency. Knowing that the family is prepared and can handle the situation will enable school staff to do their jobs more effectively.

Every staff member should:

- Have a plan
- Make an emergency kit
- Have a communication plan
- Alert employer of situations that may cause danger at the school

EOP Record of Change								
Change Number	Date	Name	Summary of Changes					

EOP Record of Distribution									
Name	Organization	Title	Date	Copies					
L									